

ALEC TIRANTI LIMITED

TOOLS, MATERIALS & EQUIPMENT FOR MODELLING, CARVING, SCULPTURE

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Material Safety Data Sheet

Gel Coat Resin

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: NORPOL® GE1 119 H

SAP ID(s): 37608 ; 37609; 37610; 184824

Chemical Family Polyester Resin

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended Use Gel Coat Resin

Sector of Uses [SU] SU3 - Industrial uses

SU12 - Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion

SU22 - Professional uses

Product categories [PC] PC32 - Polymer preparations and compounds

Process categories [PROC] PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles
(multi-stage and/or significant contact)

PROC7 - Industrial spraying

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large
containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to
vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line,
including weighing)

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

PROC11 - Non industrial spraying

PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Uses advised against No information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Polynt Composites UK Ltd.

Laporte Road

Stallingborough - Near Grimsby

North East Lincolnshire, England DN41 8DR

Tel: +39 035 652111

E-mail address msds@polynt.com : +39 035 652111

1.4. Emergency telephone number

(CareChem24) +44(0)1235 239670

Poison Information Center Telephone Number: United Kingdom - Contact CareChem24

2. Hazards Identification

2.1. - Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapours) Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

Reproductive Toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3
flammable liquid Category 3

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]



signal word Danger

Contains Styrene

Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

65.6% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

66% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)

P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking

P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

3. Composition/information on Ingredients

Component	EC No	CAS No	weight-%	EU - GHS Substance Classification	REACH Reg. No
Styrene	202-851-5	100-42-5	42 - 46	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Repr. 2 (H361d) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)	01-2119457861-32

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact

Immediately flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off with warm water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is laboured, administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam, Dry chemical, Water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising from the substance or preparation itself, combustion products, resulting gases

flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Vapours may travel to areas away from work site before igniting/flashing back to vapour source. Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, irritating or toxic vapors and gases. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

A vapour suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 12 for more information

7. Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling

Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Consult your supplier of promoters and catalysts for additional instructions on proper mixing and usage. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling.

General Hygiene Considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking. Protect from direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. To ensure maximum stability and maintain optimum resin properties, resins should be stored in closed containers at temperatures below 25°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Exposure scenario No information available

Other Guidelines No information available

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Components with workplace control parameters.

Styrene

Austria 80 ppm STEL

340 mg/m³ STEL

20 ppm TWA

85 mg/m³ TWA

Belgium 25 ppm TWA

108 mg/m³ TWA

(skin)

80 ppm STEL

346 mg/m³ STEL

Bulgaria 85.0 mg/m³ TWA

215.0 mg/m³ STEL

Croatia 250 ppm STEL KGV1

1080 mg/m³ STEL KGV1

100 ppm TWA GVI

430 mg/m³ TWA GVI

Czech Republic 400 mg/m³ Ceiling

100 mg/m³ TWA

(skin)

Denmark 25 ppm Ceiling

105 mg/m³ Ceiling

(skin)

Germany 20 ppm TWA

86 mg/m³ TWA

Greece 100 ppm TWA

425 mg/m³ TWA

250 ppm STEL

1050 mg/m³ STEL

Hungary 50 mg/m³ TWA AK

50 mg/m³ STEL CK

Ireland 20 ppm TWA

85 mg/m³ TWA

40 ppm STEL

170 mg/m³ STEL

Italy 20 ppm TWA

85 mg/m³ TWA

40 ppm STEL

170 mg/m³ STEL

Latvia 10 mg/m³ TWA

30 mg/m³ STEL

Lithuania 20 ppm TWA (IPRD)

90 mg/m³ TWA (IPRD)

10 ppm TWA (IPRD)

50 ppm STEL (TPRD)

200 mg/m³ STEL (TPRD)

(skin)

Norway 25 ppm TWA

105 mg/m³ TWA

25 ppm STEL

105 mg/m³ STEL

Poland 200 mg/m³ STEL

50 mg/m³ TWA

Portugal OELs Data 20 ppm

40 ppm STEL

Romania 12 ppm TWA

50 mg/m³ TWA

35 ppm STEL

150 mg/m³ STEL

Russia 10 mg/m³ TWA (vapor)

30 mg/m³ STEL (vapor)

Slovakia 20 ppm TWA

86 mg/m³ TWA

200 mg/m³ Ceiling

Slovenia 20 ppm TWA

86 mg/m³ TWA

80 ppm STEL

344 mg/m³ STEL

Spain 20 ppm TWA

86 mg/m³ TWA

40 ppm STEL

172 mg/m³ STEL

Sweden 10 ppm LLV
 43 mg/m³ LLV
 20 ppm STV
 86 mg/m³ STV
 (skin)
Switzerland 40 ppm STEL
 170 mg/m³ STEL
 20 ppm TWA
 85 mg/m³ TWA
United Kingdom 100 ppm TWA
 430 mg/m³ TWA
 250 ppm STEL
 1080 mg/m³ STEL
ACGIH - TLV 20 ppm TWA
 40 ppm STEL

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
 TLV® (Threshold Limit Value)
 TWA (time-weighted average)
 STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
 MAK - Maximum Occupational Exposure Limits
 SKIN: Skin Absorption

Biological occupational exposure limits

Component Styrene

Bulgaria

BEI: 600 mg/g Creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid and Phenylglyoxylic acid - together in urine, SAMPLING TIME: at the end of exposure or end of shift, in remote exposure - after several shifts

Finland

BEI: 1.2 mmol/L, DETERMINANT: MAPGA in urine, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift, NOTE: MAPGA equals sum of urinary Mandelic and Phenylglyoxylic acids

France

BEI: 0.55 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in venous blood, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE: Semi-quantitative (ambiguous interpretation)

BEI: 0.02 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in venous blood, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift, NOTE: Semi-quantitative (ambiguous interpretation)

BEI: 800 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE: Non-specific (observed after the exposure to other substances)

BEI: 300 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift, NOTE: Non-specific (observed after the exposure to other substances)

BEI: 240 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE: Non-specific (observed after the exposure to other substances)

BEI: 100 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: prior to shift, NOTE:

Germany

BEI: 600 mg/g, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid plus Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift, NOTE: measured as mg/g Creatinine

BEI: 600 mg/g, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid plus Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of several shifts, NOTE: measured as mg/g Creatinine; for long-term exposures

Latvia

BEI: 0.8 g/g Creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

BEI: 0.55 mg/l, DETERMINANT: Styrene in blood, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

Romania

BEI: 800 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

BEI: 300 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: beginning of second shift

BEI: 100 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

BEI: 100 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Phenylglyoxylic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: beginning of second shift

BEI: 0.55 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in blood, SAMPLING TIME: end of shift

BEI: 0.02 mg/L, DETERMINANT: Styrene in blood, SAMPLING TIME: beginning of second shift

Slovakia

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid and phenylglycolic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: after all work shifts, NOTE: for long-term exposure

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, DETERMINANT: Mandelic acid and phenylglycolic acid in urine, SAMPLING TIME: end of exposure or work shift, NOTE:

Component	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
Styrene	End Use: Workers Exposure Route: Inhalation Exposure Type: Acute, systemic effects Value: 289 mg/m ³ (68 ppm) End Use: Workers	Fresh water Value: 0.028 mg/l Assessment factor: 10 Sea water Value: 0.0028 mg/l

	Exposure Route: Inhalation Exposure Type: Acute, local effects Value: 306 mg/m ³ (72 ppm) End Use: Workers Exposure Route: Inhalation Exposure Type: Long term, systemic effects Value: 85 mg/m ³ (20 ppm) End Use: Workers Exposure Route: Dermal Exposure Type: Long term, systemic effects Value: 406 mg/kg bw/day End Use: General Population Exposure Route: Inhalation Exposure Type: Acute, systemic effects Value: 174.25 mg/m ³ (41 ppm) End Use: General Population Exposure Route: Inhalation Exposure Type: Acute, local effects Value: 182.75 mg/m ³ (43 ppm) End Use: General Population Exposure Route: Inhalation Exposure Type: Long term, systemic effects Value: 10.2 mg/m ³ (2.4 ppm) End Use: General Population Exposure Route: Dermal Exposure Type: Long term, systemic effects Value: 343 mg/kg bw/day	Assessment factor: 100 Water Value: 0.04 mg/l Intermittent Releases Assessment factor: 100 Fresh water sediment Value: 0.614 mg/kg dw Sea sediment Value: 0.0614 mg/kg dw Sewage Treatment Plant Value: 5 mg/l Assessment factor: 100 Soil Value: 0.2 mg/kg dw
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8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls Use general ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below regulatory and recommended occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye Protection Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. If splashes are likely to occur: Tightly fitting safety goggles (EN166). Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin protection Impervious clothing.

Hand Protection Protective gloves complying with EN 374. Wear protective nitrile rubber or Viton™ gloves. Gloves made of nitrile rubber or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) may be used for splash protection and brief or intermittent contact with styrenated polyester resin. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Respiratory protection None required if hazards have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limits listed in Section 8. Wear an approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges and particulate filters where airborne concentrations may exceed exposure limits in Section 8 and/or there is exposure to dust or mists due to sanding, grinding, cutting, or spraying. Use an approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with emergency escape provisions if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, airborne concentrations are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection

Recommended Filter type: Type A (EN141) and Type P2 (EN143)

Environmental exposure controls Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Explosive properties	No information available
Oxidising properties	No information available
Appearance	Colourless to white
Physical State	Liquid
Odour	Pungent
Odour Threshold	0.2 ppm (Styrene)

pH	Not applicable	<u>Remarks</u>	<u>Method</u>
Melting point / Freezing point	-30°C (Styrene)	None known	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	146°C (Styrene)	None known	None known

Flash Point	32 °C	Seta closed cup
Evaporation Rate	0.49 (BuAc = 1) (Styrene)	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper	6.1% (Styrene)	
Lower	1.1% (Styrene)	
Vapour Pressure	6.7 hPa (Styrene) @ 20°C	None known
Vapour Density	3.6 (Air = 1) (Styrene)	None known
specific gravity	1.12 -1.16 @23°C	None known
Solubility	Insoluble in water	None known
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No information available	None known
Autoignition Temperature	490°C (Styrene)	None known
Decomposition temperature	No information available	None known
Viscosity	3000 - 3400 cps @ 23°C	
Explosive properties	No information available	
Oxidising properties	No information available	

9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

No information available

10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerisation can occur. Hazardous polymerization will occur if contaminated with peroxides, metal salts and polymerization catalysts. Hazardous polymerization may occur upon depletion of inhibitor - may cause heat and pressure build-up in closed containers. Product will undergo hazardous polymerization at temperatures above 150 F (65 C).

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Contamination by those materials referred to under Incompatible materials. Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor. Elevated temperatures.

10.5. incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Metal salts. Polymerization initiators. Copper. Copper alloys. Brass.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours.

11. Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause CNS depression and narcosis.

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes.

Skin Contact Causes skin irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Ingestion HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Styrene

Oral LD₅₀ = 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

dermal LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)

Inhalation LC₅₀ = 11.8 mg/l (4 H) (Rat)

Irritation Irritating to eyes and skin.

corrosivity Not corrosive.

Sensitisation May cause sensitization of susceptible persons by skin contact.

Carcinogenic effects There is no convincing evidence that styrene possesses significant carcinogenic potential in

humans.

Repeated dose toxicity In humans, styrene may cause a transient decrease in color discrimination and effects on hearing. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to defatting properties of the product. May cause damage to the liver, eyes, brain, respiratory system, central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Mutagenic effects Styrene has given mixed positive and negative results in a number of mutagenicity tests. Styrene was not mutagenic without metabolic activation but gave negative and positive mutagenic results with metabolic activation.

Target organ(s) Liver, Central Nervous System (CNS), Respiratory system.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown acute toxicity 65.6% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 5121 mg/kg

ATEmix (dermal) 2049 mg/kg

ATEmix (inhalation-vapour) 12.1 mg/l

12. Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects: .

Styrene

Algae	EC50 = 1.4 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h) EC50 0.46 - 4.3 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)
Fish	LC50 3.24 - 4.99 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) flow-through LC50 19.03 - 33.53 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96 h) static LC50 6.75 - 14.5 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96 h) static LC50 58.75 - 95.32 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96 h) static
Aquatic Invertebrates	EC50 3.3 - 7.4 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (48h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Styrene

log Kow 2.95

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 74

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This preparation contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available

13. Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

EWC Waste Disposal No 07 00 00 WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES

07 02 00 Wastes from MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres

07 02 99 Wastes not otherwise specified

14. Transport information

UN-No UN1866
Proper shipping name RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazard None
Classification code F1
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) 30
Tunnel restriction code D/E

ADR Exception This material meets the viscosity criteria specified in ADR 2.2.3.1.5 and may be classed as "not dangerous" when packaged in containers of less than 450 liters.

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1866
Proper shipping name RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class CLASS 3
Packing group PG III
Environmental hazard None
EmS-No F-E, S-E

IMDG Exception This material meets the viscosity criteria specified in IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 and may be exempt from the marking, labelling and package testing requirements if transported in containers of 30 liters or less.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

IATA

UN-No UN1866
Proper shipping name RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazard None
Packing Instructions 355; 366

15. Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Denmark

List of substances and processes that are considered to be carcinogenic

Component	Status
Styrene (CAS #: 100-42-5)	Present

Additional information

Must not be used by youngsters under the age of 18, ref. the notification from the Ministry of Labour regarding work by youngsters. The user must have undergone special training approved by the Labour Inspection Authority (AT) in order to work with products containing carcinogenic substances.

Germany

WGK Classification (VwVwS)

Hazardous to water/Class 2

Netherlands

List of Carcinogens, Mutagens and Reproductive Toxins

No information available

Water Hazard Class

10-May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

International Inventories

TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this material are listed on or are exempt from the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Canadian Inventory Status: All components of this material are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

Australian Inventory Status: This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.

Korean Inventory Status: This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Korean Chemical Substances List.

Philippine Inventory: This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.

Japan ENCS: This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances.

Chinese IECS: This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.

New Zealand Inventory: All components of this material are listed on or are exempt from the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

Product Registrations

Norway Not applicable

16. Other Information

Classification procedure:

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapours)	Calculation method
Skin corrosion/irritation	Calculation method
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method
Reproductive Toxicity	Weight of evidence
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Calculation method
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
flammable liquid	On basis of test data

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child
H372 - Causes damage to hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Key literature references and sources for data

Denmark Arbejdstilsynet Order no. 908 of 27 September 2005 with subsequent amendments

Prepared By Polynt product regulatory department

Phone Number: +39 035 652111

Revision Date: 01/11/2017

Revision Summary: None

Former date New

This information is provided in good faith and is correct to the best of Polynt's knowledge as of the date hereof and is designed to assist our customers; however, Polynt makes no representation as to its completeness or accuracy. Our products are intended for sale to industrial and commercial customers. We require customers to inspect and test our products before use and to satisfy themselves as to suitability for their specific applications. Any use which Polynt customers or third parties make of this information, or any reliance on, or decisions made based upon it, are the responsibility of such customer or third party. Polynt disclaims responsibility for damages, or liability, of any kind resulting from the use of this information. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THIS INFORMATION OR TO THE PRODUCT IT DESCRIBES. IN NO EVENT SHALL POLYNT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

End of Safety Data Sheet